## Lectures on Challenging Mathematics

### Math Challenges 7

Number Sense

Summer 2018

Zuming Feng Phillips Exeter Academy and IDEA Math zfeng@exeter.edu

# Contents

1.1 A beginners' tour of the Diophantine equations - Factoring	
1.1 A beginners' tour of the Diophantine equations - Factoring	
1.2 Floor and ceiling functions (part 1)	3
1.3 A beginners' tour of the Diophantine equations – Estimation and case analysis  1.4 Floor and ceiling functions (part 2)	3
1.4 Floor and ceiling functions (part 2)	4
	5
	6
16 Modular arithmetic (part 1)	7
21.0 Modular aritimetic (part 1)	8
1.7 A beginners' tour of the Diophantine equation - a short review	9
	10
$\sim$ 1.9 Floor and ceiling functions (part 3)	11
1.9 Floor and ceiling functions (part 3)	12
)	
Copyright	

# ©Copyright 2008 − 2018 Idea Mat

### 1.7 A beginners' tour of the Diophantine equation - a short review

- 1. Sarah intended to multiply a two-digit number and a three-digit number, but she left out the multiplication sign and simply placed the two-digit number to the left of the three-digit number, thereby forming a five-digit number. This number is exactly nine times the product Sarah should have obtained. What is the sum of the two-digit number and the three-digit number?
- 2. How many ordered four-tuples of integers (a, b, c, d) with 0 < a < b < c < d < 500 satisfy a + d = b + c and bc ad = 93?
- 3. What is the largest positive integer n for which there is a unique integer k such that

$$\frac{8}{15} < \frac{n}{n+k} < \frac{7}{13}?$$

. In the following  $3 \times 3$  array of distinct positive integers, the products of entries in each row, each column, and each diagonal are all equal to n. Find the least possible value of n.



5. For each integer  $a_0 > 1$ , define the sequence  $(a_0, a_1, a_2, ...)$  by

$$a_{n+1} = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a_n}, & \text{if } \sqrt{a_n} \text{ is an integer;} \\ a_n + 3, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Determine all possible values of  $a_0$  for which the sequence eventually is strictly increasing.